

### APPENDIX III.

(Vide answer to starred question No. 235 on page 75.)

Statement showing the particulars of various loans granted to agriculturists by the Government, the principles adopted in granting loans, etc.

Kind of loan.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1 Loan under Land Improvement Loans and Agriculturalists' Loans Acts.	The amount of loan depends upon the purpose for which it is granted, the maximum being Rs. 2,000. The period of repayment of loan varies from 1 to 20 years.	72,99,935	Rs. 72,99,935	Rs. 94,84,583	..
2 Loan under Special Rules for Pumping Installation.	The amount of loan depends upon the purpose for which it is granted, the maximum being Rs. 2,000. The period of repayment of loan varies from 1 to 20 years.	11,80,500	Rs. 11,80,500	Rs. 11,80,500	..
3 Loans under Special Rules for Agricultural Implements.	Loans are granted for erecting or completing a pump installation or for the purchase of agricultural machinery or plant and for carrying out any improvement in connection with such installation or in connection with the use of such machinery or plant. The amount of loan depends on each case. The period of repayment is generally as follows:—	5,600	Rs. 5,600	Rs. 3,873	..

Amount outstanding in the beginning of 1958-59.

Amount During 1959-60.

Principles adopted in granting the loan.

Amount given during 1958-59.

**4 Loans under Intensive Measuring Scheme.**

2. When the loan is secured on machinery or plant—
- 5 years.
3. When the loan is secured on personal property—
- 2 years.

The Scheme envisages the supply of the chemical fertilizers to paddy and sugarcane :

Ammonium sulphate.	Rs. 35	per acre for
Ammonium sulphate-nitrate.	paddy and Rs. 16	
Calcium ammonium-nitrate.	per acre for sugarcane.	
Super phosphate.	Rs. 15/-	per acre for

The minimum amount of loan is Rs. 750 for paddy and Rs. 1,500 for sugarcane and Rs. 1,500 for paddy and sugarcane.

No cash loan is granted. No subsidy is allowed. Cost of pumpset is given to the firm

- 5 Purchase of pumpsets under Hire-purchase System for irrigation purposes.
- 6 For sinking of new wells or for repair of old wells for irrigation purposes.

**7 For repairs to old houses.**

is allowed.

Loans at the rate of Rs. 250 per house. No subsidy

Loan up to a maximum of Rs. 2,500 was being granted. Subsidy of 25 per cent was being allowed. The grant of loan under this Head has since been discontinued and the New Well Subsidy Scheme administered by Agricultural Department in non-block areas has been extended to block areas also.

70,52,363 69,14,037 1,15,87,452

5,69,21,256  
(Total of items 1 to 4).

66,28,132 61,01,856



Statement showing the particulars of various loans granted to agriculturists by the Government, the principles adopted in granting loans, etc.—*cont.*

APPENDIX III—*cont.*

Kind of loan.		(1)		(2)		Principles adopted in granting the loan.		Amount given during 1958-59.		During 1959-60.		Amount outstanding in the beginning of 1958-59.		Figures not available.		Nil.		3,110.10		8,11,804		24,20,089	
8 Short term credit facilities: for purchase of Bulls, Cows, etc.																							
9 Soil Conservation Scheme.																							
10 Tractor Hiring Scheme.																							
11 Filter Point Scheme																							
12 Loan for purchase of tractor, oil engines and electric motors.																							

The loans granted under the Tractor Hire-purchase Scheme is recoverable with cantage at 3½ per cent and interest at 5 per cent in equal annual instalments spread

Loan not exceeding Rs. 2,000 per point are granted in the shape of machinery during 1962-66.  
 subject to a maximum of Rs. 500 in the Nilgiris.  
 Districts except the Nilgiris and at Rs. 100 per acre  
 Rs. 60 per acre subject to a maximum of Rs. 500 in all  
 Takavi Rules apply to the Scheme. Loans granted at  
 recovered in 20 instalments.  
 machinery and equipment are treated as loan to be  
 staff, 75 per cent of cost of work-charged staff and soil  
 100 per cent of cost of contingencies and non-work charged

The grant of loan are governed by Takavi Rules.

over a period of 7 years. The initial deposit of 1/5th of the cost will be collected. The maximum amount of loan sanctioned is Rs. 20,000 per individual.

2. In the case of Hire purchase Scheme of oil engines and electric motor pumps, the loan amount is recoverable with charge at 3½ per cent and interest at 5 per cent in equal annual instalments spread over a period of 3 to 7 years with reference to the amount of loan sanctioned. The initial deposit of 1/10th of the cost is collected.

3. In respect of both the Schemes, lands to the value of 1½ times the cost of machinery have to be mortgaged to Government and at the same time, the Government will have the right of seizure of the unit in case of default of payment.

**Development Loan** at the rate of Rs. 80 per acre is granted recoverable in 5 instalments from the Sixth year. Loan on personal security up to Rs. 500 and on immovable property up to Rs. 2,000 can be granted.

14 Long Term Loans under the Fruit Development Scheme. District Agricultural Officers receipt of the technical approval of the Assistant Horticulturist.

15 Cotton Seeds Multiplication and Distribution Scheme.

diversion advances are issued at the rate of Rs. 20 per acre for dry cultivation and Rs. 50 for irrigated cotton. Interest 5 per cent. Penal interest  $7\frac{1}{2}$  per cent.

..	51,860	NIL
4,350	1,73,280	Figures not available



APPENDIX III—cont.

Statement showing the particulars of various loans granted to agriculturists by the Government, the principles adopted in granting

loans, etc.—cont.

Kind of Loan.

Principles adopted in granting the loan.

(I)

16 Coconut.  
Scheme.

Development

1. Advance of purchase of fencing plant materials at Rs. 50 per acre.

Rs. 50 per acre.

2. Advance by way of manure Rs. 25 per acre.

3. Miscellaneous advances by supply of equipment, insecticides, sprayers, etc.

4. Cash subsidy of Rs. 30 per month for maintenance of gardens.

5. Advance for breaking rocky layers at Rs. 50 per acre. All advances are recovered in 20 instalments from the 11th year of planting.

11th year of planting.

17 New Well Subsidy Scheme.

sum of Rs. 1,000 as I instalment is given and on satisfactory spending of the amount, a II instalment of like

sum is given. On satisfactory completion of well 1/4th

of the value of work not exceeding Rs. 250 or Rs. 500 is

treated as subsidy and the rest treated as Takavi Loan.

The advance of Rs. 1,000 or Rs. 2,000 per well depends

or more as the case may be.

[illegible]

2nd November 1962]

The Scheme has been taken up for implementation only during December 1961.

Nil.

Nil.

Under the scheme improved ploughs are distributed at 25 per cent subsidy. Loans are also issued to the ryots who may not be able to purchase the ploughs even at the subsidised cost or on short term loan basis. These loans will be recovered at the time of harvest.

18 Scheme for the distribution of improved ploughs.

\* Figure for the years 1958-59 and 1959-60 as separate figures are not available.

\*\* As the New Well Subsidy Scheme (Revised) was implemented only in 1958, no loan was outstanding in 1958-59 under the revised scheme. The figures in column (5) relate to loans under the old schemes.

Note.—The New Well Subsidy Scheme is not in force in the Nilgiris, Kanyakumari and Madurai districts.

